文法解説

スクリプト

L12-3

Yumi: I can't believe it's time to say goodbye. Thank you for everything, Mr. and

Mrs. Baker. And you too, Kevin. I've had a great time in New York.

Mrs. Baker: You're very welcome, Yumi. We wish you could stay longer.

Yumi: If I had enough time, I would stay for another month. But it will be nice to see my parents.

Mrs. Baker: I'm sure they have missed you. We'll miss you, too.

Kevin: Dad says we can take a trip to San Francisco next year. We'll be able to see you then.

Yumi: Oh, that sounds great! If you come in summer, Carlos might be there, too.

Let's all get together again next summer!

文法練習問題

1. 次の英文の誤りを正しく直し、全文を書きかえなる	さい.	
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- 1) I could have gone bowling with my friends if I <u>finished</u> cleaning my room then. [下線部の誤りを直すこと]
 - 2) The woman smiled at me as if she met me before. [下線部の誤りを直すこと]
- 3) Yuki wishes she <u>studied</u> English hard before she moved to Los Angeles. [下線部の誤りを直すこと]
- 4) If Sam were not injured then, our class wouldn't have lost the game. [下線部の誤りを直すこと]
- 5) If the sun were to rise in the west, my confidence in my parents will not be shaken. [下線部の誤りを直すこと]

- 2. 次の英文を[]内の指示に従って書きかえなさい.
- 1) If I (have) more computer skills, I could finish this job sooner. [()内の動詞を適当な形に変えて]
- 2) Ms.Tanaka speaks English fluently as if she (be) a native speaker. [()内の動詞を適当な形に変えて]

3.	次の英文を日本語に直しなさい.
	1) If I had plenty of time, I could visit you.
	2) If you were to achieve all your dreams, what would you do next?
	3) If Jun had listened to his mother's advice then, he would not have made such a mistake.
	4) If I should win the lottery, I would buy you anything you want. lottery 「宝くじ」
	5) I wish I had eaten breakfast this morning.
4.	次の日本文の意味に合うように, []内の語(句)を並べかえなさい.
	1) 万一雨ならば、試合は中止になるでしょう.
	If (), (). [it / rain / should / would / the game / canceled / be]
	2) アンはまるで幽霊を見たかのような様子だ.
	Ann ().
	[looks / a ghost / had / if / seen / she / as]
	3) 父の助言に従っていればよかったなあ.
	(). [I / taken / my father's / I had / wish / advice]

4) もし昨日雨が降っていなかったら、私たちはつりに行っただろうに.

10) 兄はまるで何でも知っているかのように話す.
My brother ().
[talks / knew / if / everything / as / he]
11) もしあなたが私の立場なら、彼に何と言いますか. [コンマが必要な場合は適当なところ
اح <u>ا</u>
() to him?
[were / what / you / you / in / say / if / my place / would]
12) もし私があなたの立場なら、試験に合格するために最善を尽くすでしょう. [斜体の語は
必要に応じて適当な形に変えること]
If I were in your place, ().
[best / do / I / my / pass / the test / to / will]
13) 今朝もっと早く起きていたら、その電車に乗れていたのに.
If () earlier this morning, ().
[gotten / I / up / had / have / I could / the train / caught]
14) まるで子どもであるかのように私を扱わないで.
Don't ().
[me / if / were / I / as / treat / a child]
15) もし私が鳥なら、世界中を飛びまわるのに.
If (), () around the world.
[I / a bird / were / fly / I would]

当なところに]
() the topic now.
[wish / had / discuss / time / I / we / to]
17) もしマリが水着を持っていたなら、私たちと海で泳げたのに. [コンマが必要な場合は適
当なところに] 「水着」swimsuit
() in the ocean with us.
[could / her swimsuit / if / swum / have / Mari / had / she / had]
18) 仮に生まれ変わることがあったら、何になりたいですか. [斜体の語は必要に応じて適
当な形に変えること]
(), what would you like to be?
[you / to / born / be / again / if / be]
19) もう少し背が高ければいいのに.
().
[I / a little / I were / taller / wish]
20) マークは大変な誤ちを犯したかのような様子だった. [コンマが必要な場合は適当なと
ころに]
() a big mistake.
[made / looked / he / if / had / Mark / as]

16) 今, その話題について話し合う時間があるといいのだけど. [コンマが必要な場合は適

- あなたは、外国人の友達から以下の QUESTION をされました。
- QUESTION について、あなたの考えとその理由を2つ英文で書きなさい。
- 語数の自安は25語~35語です。
- 解答は、解答用紙のB節にあるライティング解答欄に書きなさい。<u>なお、</u>解答欄の外に書かれたものは採点されません。
- 解答が QUESTION に対応していないと判断された場合は、0 気と採成 されることがあります。 QUESTION をよく読んでから答えてください。

QUESTION

Which do you like better, swimming or skiing?

和訳・解答

1.

- 1) I could have gone bowling with my friends if I <u>finished</u> cleaning my room then. -> I could have gone bowling with my friends if I had finished cleaning my room then.
- 2) The woman smiled at me as if she <u>met</u> me before. -> The woman smiled at me as if she had met me before.
- 3) Yuki wishes she <u>studied</u> English hard before she moved to Los Angeles. -> Yuki wishes she had studied English hard before she moved to Los Angeles.
- 4) If Sam <u>were not</u> injured then, our class wouldn't have lost the game. -> If Sam had not[hadn't] been injured then, our class wouldn't have lost the game.
- 5) If the sun were to rise in the west, my confidence in my parents will not be shaken. -> If the sun were to rise in the west, my confidence in my parents would not[wouldn't] be shaken.

2.

- 1) If I had more computer skills, I could finish this job sooner.
- 2) Ms. Tanaka speaks English fluently as if she were[was] a native speaker.

3.

- 1) 十分な時間があれば、君を訪ねられるのに.
- 2) 仮に君のすべての夢をかなえたら, 次に何をしますか.
- 3) もしジュンがそのとき彼の母親のアドバイスを聞いていたら、そんな間違いはしなかっただろうに.
- 4) 万一私が宝くじに当たれば、あなたが欲しいものを何でも買ってあげましょう.
- 5) 今朝, 朝食を食べてくればよかったなあ.

4.

- 1) it should rain, the game would be canceled
- 2) looks as if she had seen a ghost
- 3) I wish I had taken my father's advice
- 4) it had not rained, we would have gone fishing

- 5) I had had more time to review my answers
- 6) Emma wishes she had more holidays
- 7) David wishes he had told her the truth
- 8) talks as if he had done the job
- 9) If Kate should come in my absence, please give
- 10) talks as if he knew everything
- 11) If you were in my place, what would you say
- 12) I would do my best to pass the test
- 13) I had gotten up, I could have caught the train
- 14) treat me as if I were a child
- 15) I were a bird, I would fly
- 16) I wish we had time to discuss
- 17) If Mari had had her swimsuit, she could have swum
- 18) If you were to be born again
- 19) I wish I were a little taller
- 20) Mark looked as if he had made

「あなたは泳ぐこととスキーをすることのどちらのほうが好きですか」

I like swimming better than skiing. First, I don't like cold weather, so I don't want to go skiing. Second, I can relax when I swim. I like swimming in the sea very much.

「私はスキーをすることよりも泳ぐことのほうが好きです。第1に、私は寒い天気が好きではないので、スキーをしに行きたいとは思いません。第2に、泳ぐとリラックスすることができます。私は海で泳ぐことがとても好きです」

Which do you like better, A or B? は、「A と B のどちらのほうが好きか」という意味。最初に、どちらがより好きであるかを I like swimming [skiing] better than skiing [swimming]. と書く。続けて、その理由を 2 つ説明する。解答例では、1 文目:自分の考え(スキーよりも水泳が好き)、2 文目:1 つ目の理由(寒い天気が好きではないのでスキーに行きたくない)、3 文目:2 つ目の理由(泳ぐとリラックスできる)、4 文目:3 文目の補足(海で泳ぐことが大好き)という構成になっている。2 つの理由を説明する際の First、~、Second、…「第1に、~。第2に…」などの用法に慣れよう。

swim「泳ぐ」、ski「スキーをする」、cold weather「寒い天気」、 so「だから」、go skiing「スキーをしに行く」、relax「リラック スする」