中3六甲英語

文法解説

文法練習問題

(1)

(3)

(5)

- [A] 日本語とほぼ同じ意味になるように()内の語句を並べかえなさい。
- ドアの呼び鈴が鳴ったとき、私は今にも眠ってしまうところだった。
 I was (about / when / asleep / fall / to) the doorbell rang. 〈早稲田大〉
- (2) 私たちが立ち去ろうとすると、ちょうどマシューがあいさつしてきた。
 We were (about / Matthew / said / leave / to / when) hello. 〈成蹊大〉
- (2)
 (3) ここに引っ越してから3年以上になる。
 (three / it / years / has / over / been) since I moved here. 〈城西大〉
- (4) 来月末で私はここに6年住んだことになる。(1語句不要)
 I (for six years / become to / shall / at the end of next month / have been living here). 〈立命館大〉
 (4) _______
- (5) 来る 10 月に現住所から転居します。I'm (going / coming / move / from my present address / to / this) October. 〈中京大〉
- (6) 遠くまで行かないうちに雨が降りだした。
 - I (it / had / far / began / gone / before / to rain / not). 《関西大》
- (6) ______
 (7) 父は名古屋に 15 年以上住んでいます。
 My (Nagoya / in / for / lived / more / fifteen / has / father / than / years). 〈金城学院大〉
 - (8) 本格的な休暇をとって3年になる。
 It's (a / had / I / real / since / three / vacation / years). 〈中部大〉
 - (8)

(7)

(9) 私は間食をしないことにしてから、半年以上になります。

More (since / between / six / to / than / have / eat / months / I / not / passed / decided) meals. 〈慶應大〉

(9)

(19)

- 彼が帰って来るころには、雨も止んでいることでしょう。(1語不要) (10)It (have / will / stopped / raining / stop) by the time he comes back. (立正大) (10) 明日の今ごろは汽車の旅に出かけていることでしょう。 (11)At (be traveling / time / the train / this / on / tomorrow / we will). 〈早稲田大〉 (11) 彼は事務所へ来て5分もたたないうちに何をするかを指示し始めた。 (12)He (been / before / five minutes / hadn't / in the office) he started telling us what to do. 〈日本 大〉 (12) (13)今まであなたに手紙を書くことができなくてすみませんでした。 I am sorry I (to / unable / been / write / to / have / you) till now. 〈鹿児島経済大〉 (13) 事態がよくならないことは明白だ。 (14)It is (going to / improve / is / not / obvious / that / the situation). 〈大阪国際大〉 (14) (15)家に帰り着いたときには、兄はもう旅行に出た後だった。(カンマを1箇所用いる) When (trip / had / on / home / that / brother / got / gone / I / I / my / found / a). 〈名城大〉 (15)(16)あの作家が事故で死んでから、6か月になります。 Six months (accident / an / author / have / in / killed / passed / since / the / was). 〈玉川大〉 (16) 医者が来たときには、私は1週間以上も病気で寝ていました。(カンマを1箇所用いる) (17)When (the doctor / I had been / bed / ill in / a week / for / more than / came). 〈東洋大〉 (17) 風呂に入ったとたん電気がみんな消えてしまいました。 (18)I (all the lights / a bath / just begun / had / taking / when) went out. 〈成城大〉 (18) (19)ある人たちは良き時代がいつまでも続くだろうと思っているようだった。 Some people seemed to (forever / going / good / last / the / think / times / to / were). 《立命館 大〉
 - 5

[B]	日本語とほぼ同じ意味になるように下から適語を選び,空所に入れなさい。	
(20)	5分も行かないうちに、大粒の雨が降り始めた。(1語不要)	
	I ()()() five minutes when large drops of rain ()()().	
	[have / had / began / walked / fall / not / to] 〈福岡大〉	
	(20)	
[C]	次の各文の下線部に最も近い意味を持つ語句を,下の①~④から選びなさい。	
(21)	I'm about to tell you the answer.	
	①I'm not sure whether to ②I'm excited to ③I'm ready to ④I'm hoping to 〈青	山学院大〉 (21)
[D] {	次の英文の意味がとおるように,()内の語句を並べかえなさい。	
(22)	We (about / leave / to / were / when) it started to rain. 〈近畿大〉	
	(22)	
[E]	空所に入れるのに最も適切な語句を,下の①~④から1つずつ選びなさい。	
(23)	The secretary opened the mail which () that morning.	
	①had delivered ②had been delivered ③is delivered ④delivered 〈駒澤大〉	(23)
(24)	I'll call her when I () dinner.	(23)
	①will finish ②am going to finish ③finish ④am finished 〈東海大〉	
(25)	There is milk all over the kitchen floor because my wife () the bottle.	(24)
	①has broken ②is breaking ③breaks ④was breaking 〈摂南大〉	(25)
(26)	A: Which club ()?	
()	B: I'm a member of the Glee Club.	
	①are you joining to ②do you belong to	
	③are you belonging ④do you take part 〈愛知学院大〉	(26)
(27)	Sandy () in the library when I saw her two hours ago.	
	(1)has studied (2)was studying	
	③has been studying ④is studying 〈北里大〉	(27)
(28)	How long () when they finally called your number?	
	①had you been waiting ②have you been waiting	
	③were you waiting ④have you waited 〈桜美林大〉	(28)
(29)	She's alive! She () but her father saved her.	
	①drowned ②was drowning ③has drowned ④drowns 〈センター試験〉	
		(29)

(30)	I lost the watch which my sister () me for my birthday.	
	①gives ②has given ③had given ④will give 〈京都学園大〉	(30)
(31)	If you turn left and go straight, you () the station on your right.	
	①are found ②found ③have found ④will find 〈大阪国際大〉	(31)
(32)	I () since six this morning.	
	①am working ②worked ③have been working ④work 〈西南学院大〉	
(33)	I don't like tea, so I () coffee for breakfast.	(32)
(00)	①generally drink ②was generally drinking	
	③am generally drinking ④had generally drunk 〈関東学院大〉	(33)
(34)	I don't know if he () back next spring.	
(01)	①will come ②comes ③came ④had come 〈流通経大〉	(34)
(35)	The food Mother is cooking in the kitchen () delicious.	
(33)	①is smelling ②smelled ③smells ④was smelling 〈京都産業大〉	(35)
(2())		(00)
(36)	Please return the book when you () reading it. ①finished ②have finished ③had finished ④will finish 〈福岡大〉	
	Chinished Chave mished Chad mished Cwin mish (The)	(36)
(37)	She will write to me as soon as she () to her country.	
	①returned ②returns ③will have returned ④will return 〈駒澤大〉	(37)
(38)	By the age of 25, she () in five different countries.	
	①lived ②had lived ③has lived ④lives 〈桃山学院大〉	(38)
(39)	On my way to school each day, I generally () many dogs and cats.	
	①see ②am seeing ③were seeing ④was seen 〈明治大〉	(39)
(40)	Oh, you are through with the work. ()?	
	①When did you finish it ②When do you finish it	
	③When have you finished it ④When will you finish it 〈神戸女学院大〉	(12)
(41)	The royal wedding which took place last week () by millions simultaneously	(40) on TV.
	①will be seen ②was seen ③might be seen ④is seen 〈聖心女子大〉	
(42)	Mary is absent today. She () to Hokkaido.	(41)
(42)	(1) comes (2) has been	
	③has gone ④has arrived 〈上智大〉	(42)
(12)		
(43)	Many young people go to university without any clear idea of what they are (①going ②being ③seeing ④coming 〈大阪経済大〉) to do afterwards.
	· some evenng · comme · 八瓜性仍八/	(TJ)

(44)	I was just () to go out shopping when you telephoned.	
	①nearly ②almost ③about ④close 〈南山大〉	(44)
(45)	I can't tell if it () tomorrow.	
	①is raining ②has been raining ③rains ④will rain 〈駒澤大〉	(45)
(46)	Please lock the door when you ().	
	①will have left ②leave ③will be leaving ④will leave 〈センター試験〉	
(47)		(46)
(47)	We () the work when the bell rang. ①had finished almost ②had almost finished	
	③did finish most ④have almost finished 〈東海大〉	(47)
((47)
(48)	John: Hello, Suzy! I didn't know you were in Tokyo. How long ()? Suzy: Since	-
	1) had you been here 2) are you here 3) were you here 4) have you been here 4	臺應大〉 ⁽⁴⁸⁾
(49)	As soon as you () that, I'd like you to start preparing supper.	
	①will do ②will have done ③did ④have done 〈京都外語大〉	(49)
(50)	John and Mary () each other since 1976.	
	(Dwere knowing 2) were known 3) have knowing 4) have been knowing 4.78 \cdot	
(51)	By the time he retires, Professor Yamada () for almost forty years.	(50)
	①has taught ②had taught ③will teach ④will have been teaching 〈上智大〉	
(52)	The meeting () we have the time over earlies there	(51)
(32)	The meeting () up by the time you arrive there. ①will have broken ②breaks ③will break ④will be broken 〈梅花女子大〉	
		(52)
(53)	"What did you do last night?" "I watched TV, practiced the piano, and () my ho	mework."
	①did ②have done ③would do ④do 〈桃山学院大〉	(53)
(54)	"Have you ever seen that movie?" "Yes. Actually I () it yesterday."	
	①saw ②have seen ③had seen ④was seen 〈東京国際大〉	(54)
(55)	I () for a trading company in Tokyo at this time next year.	
	1 have been working 2 will be working	
	③have worked ④was working 〈名城大〉	(55)
(56)	By the end of next year, I () here for thirty years.	
	①will be lived ②will have lived ③have lived ④could live 〈拓殖大〉	
(57)	Mr. Tanaka is out now, and I don't know when he () in the office.	(56)
	①will be back ②is back	
	③is being back ④be back 〈愛知大〉	(57)

(58)	"Tomorrow our professor is going back to England." "I didn't know he $($)."	
	①will decide to leave ②would have decided to leave	
	③had decided to leave ④is deciding to leave $\langle センター試験 \rangle$	(58)
(59)	Mahatma Gandhi, the apostle of nonviolence, () in 1869.	
	①is born ②had been born ③has been born ④was born 〈上智大〉	(59)
(60)	He will be glad to see you when he () home.	
	①comes ②will come ③came ④had come 〈流通科学大〉	(60)
(61)	The sign says that the police will take your car away if you () it here.	
	①are going to park ②had parked ③park ④parked 〈京都産業大〉	
$(\boldsymbol{6}\boldsymbol{2})$	"Do you know what Junko is doing?" "Well, she () a book when I saw her a wl	(61)
(62)		-
	(1)has been reading (2) is reading (3) may be reading (4) was reading $\langle \forall \nu \rangle \rangle$	i环场央/ (62)
(63)	They () for ten hours when they spotted a sign that said "Food and Drink."	
	①should have been driving ②are driving	
	③have driven ④had been driving 〈昭和女子大〉	(63)
(64)	Last year I gave him a book for his birthday, but at the party next week I () hir	n a CD.
	(1) am going to give (2) give	
	③have given ④will have given 〈京都産大〉	(64)
(65)	When I () a thousand English words, will I be able to read an English newspap	er?
	(Dam learning (2) have learned	
	③will have learned ④will learn 〈東北学院大〉	(65)
(66)	It () she last went back to her country.	
	①is less than ten years as ②is more than ten years before	
	③is over ten years since ④has been over ten years after $\langle センター試験 \rangle$	
(67)	We () for nearly thirty minutes when the train arrived.	(66)
(07)	①had been waiting ②have been waiting	
	③have waited ④will have waited 〈獨協大〉	((7))
		(67)
(68)	I was like a traveler who, no matter where he goes, never doubts that some day () to his place of
	birth.	
	(1)he had returned (2)he has been returning	
	③he has returned ④he will return 〈明治学院大〉	(68)
(69)	Do you have any idea what she () when I call her tomorrow?	
	①will be doing ②had done ③does ④was doing 〈聖心女子大〉	(69)

(70)	By the time she () there, she will be happy again.	
	①get ②gets ③will get ④got 〈大阪電通大〉	(70)
(71)	Tom () home just now.	
	①had been coming ②came ③has come ④had come 〈拓殖大〉	(71)
(72)	I () reading for an hour when he came in.	
()	①had been ②was ③have been ④will be 〈センター試験〉	(72)
(73)	I am sure you will feel a lot better if () a good night's sleep.	
(75)	①having ②to have ③you have ④you will have 〈京都產大〉	(73)
(= 4)		(13)
(74)	When I got home, I realized that one of my suitcases ().	
	 ①had been disappearing ②had disappeared ③was disappeared ④was disappearing 〈京都産業大〉 	
		(74)
(75)	She generally sings very well, but now she () very badly.	
	①will sing ②sing ③sings ④is singing 〈横浜商大〉	(75)
(76)	I wonder when Jane () next time.	
	①come ②coming ③will come ④comes 〈慶應大〉	(76)
(77)	She has worn the same hat ().	
	①just now ②two years ago ③when I met her ④for a month 〈南山大〉	
(78)	I () for a present for my teacher since last week, but I can't find one yet.	(77)
()	(1)had been looking (2)have been looking	
	③am looking ④was looking 〈関東学院大〉	(78)
(79)	My mother () these three years.	
(IJ)	①has been dead ②has died ③died ④is dead 〈千葉工大〉	(79)
(00)		(1)
(80)	I'm sure I () her two years ago. $(1 + 1)$	<i>.</i> .
	①saw ②had seen ③will have seen ④have seen 〈亜細亜大〉	(80)
(81)	I've never heard you are in this town. How long ()	
	①were you here? ②had you been here? ③are you here? ④have you been here?	〈東洋大〉 ⁽⁸¹⁾
(82)	Tsuyoshi () coins since he was a child.	/
	①is collecting ②collected ③was collecting ④has been collecting 〈流通経済大〉	
(83)	He () home just now. Didn't you know that?	(82)
(00)	①has been coming ②had come ③has come ④came 〈昭和女子大〉	
		(83)

(84)	We () each other since we entered this college.	
	①are knowing ②knew	
	③have known ④would know 〈東北学院大〉	(84)
(85)	I () dinner when the telephone rang.	
	①have been making ②have made ③was made ④was making 〈千葉商大〉	
		(85)
(86)	Ken () in England for two years when the war broke out.	
	①will have been ②has been ③had been ④would be 〈東京経大〉	(86)
(87)	Glen and Wilma usually () their washing on weekends.	
	①are done ②do ③have been doing ④have done 〈近畿大〉	(87)
(88)	Tom and Sue () each other since 1985.	
	①have known ②have been knowing ③were knowing ④were known 〈熊本県立	之大〉
		(88)
(89)	When I went back to the town I () eight years before, everything was different.	
	①was leaving ②have left ③had left ④was left 〈大阪大谷大〉	(89)
(90)	Many American high-school students do not know that the Civil War () between	1861 and 1865.
	①takes place ②have taken place ③took place ④had taken place 〈亜細亜大〉	(00)
(91)	The man decided to wait at the station until his wife ().	(90)
	①come ②came ③will come ④has come 〈センター試験〉	(91)
(92)	I was tired after the test last Friday, because I () all day long every day for a weel	~
()2)	1 was working 2 have been working	
	③had been working ④have worked 〈センター試験〉	(92)
		())
(93)	He () in Nagano for seven years when his daughter was born.	
	①is living ②was living ③has been living ④had been living 〈拓殖大〉	(93)
(94)	"Where is Peggy?" "She () a bath now."	
	①is taking ②take ③takes ④took 〈京都学園大〉	(94)
(95)	Ms. Smith () home just now.	
	①came ②had come ③has come ④will come 〈東北学院大〉	(95)
(96)	() since he went over to America in order to study English.	
()0)	①Two years are passed ②It was two years	
	③Two years have passed ④Two years passed 〈玉川大〉	(96)
(97)	"Are John and Mary still living in New York?" "No, they () to Dallas."	
	①are just moved ②had just moved	
	③have just moved ④will just move 〈センター試験〉	(97)

(98)	She told me she would be here about six. Anyway, I'll tell you when she $($ $).$	
	①comes ②had come ③will come ④would come 〈立命館大〉	(98)
(99)	Listen! I () a funny noise outside.	
	(1)hear (2)am hearing	
	③had been hearing ④had heard 〈高崎経大〉	(99)
(100)	Jim () to take me out to dinner for the last three weeks.	
	①tries ②had tried ③is trying ④has been trying 〈和洋女子大〉	(100)
(101)	When spring (), I'm going to take up a new sport.	
	①will arrive ②is arrived ③is going to arrive ④arrives 〈立教大〉	(101)
(102)	Next Sunday he () in Kobe for three years.	
((1)has stayed (2)stays	
	③will stay ④will have stayed 〈東北学院大〉	(102)
(103)	He told me he would be here about seven. Anyway, I'll tell you when he ().	
(100)	①comes ②came ③would come ④will come 〈西南学院大〉	(103)
(104)	Their only son () for the past three years.	
(101)	①dies ②is dead ③had died ④has been dead 〈駒澤大〉	(104)
(105)		
(105)	①had never ②have never ③had ④have 〈慶應大〉	(105)
(106)		
(100)	Mr. Kimura () in this street for three years. ①has lived ②is living ③lives ④was living 〈千葉商科大〉	(106)
(107)		(100)
(107)	I () to Hokkaido in the summer. ①visit ②think to go ③am going ④am thinking 〈桜美林大〉	(107)
(100)		(107)
(108)		()
	①was ②has passed ③is ④is past 〈駒澤大〉	(108)
(109)		
	①shall do ②should do ③have done ④shall have done 〈関西大〉	(109)
(110)		
	(Dare you working (2) will you work	
	③will you have been working ④you will have worked 〈亜細亜大〉	(110)
(111)		
	①is knowing ②know ③knows ④are knowing 〈千葉商大〉	(111)

(112) I'll be at home watching TV until ().	
①you come back ②you be back	
③you will be back ④you will have been back 《拓殖大》	(112)
(113) Water () at a temperature of 100 degrees centigrade.	
①boils ②was boiling ③is boiling ④use to boil 〈上智大〉	(113)
(114) When Tom came home, Mary () a book in the living room.	
①has read ②is reading ③reads ④was reading 〈京都産大〉	(114)
(115) () at a higher temperature than water?	
①Has milk boiled ②Is milk boiling ③Does milk boil ④Was milk boiling	〈江戸川大〉
(116) He () several years ago.	(115)
①was died ②died ③dead ④has died 〈上智大〉	(116)
(117) She () for six years on June 10 this year.	
①will be marrying ②will have married	
③will have been married ④is going to get married 〈流通科学大〉	(117)
(118) What a busy day! I () anything to eat since this morning.	
①hadn't ②haven't ③haven't had ④won't have 〈東京経済大〉	(118)

(1) about to fall asleep when

(2) about to leave when Matthew said

(3) It has been over three years

(4) shall have been living here for six years at the end of next month

- (5) going to move from my present address this coming
- (6) had not gone far before it began to rain
- (7) father has lived in Nagoya for more than fifteen years
- (8) three years since I had a real vacation
- (9) than six months have passed since I decided not to eat between
- (10) will have stopped raining (stop 不要)
- $\left(11\right)$ this time to morrow we will be traveling on the train
- (12) hadn't been in the office five minutes before
- (13) have been unable to write to you
- (14) obvious that the situation is not going to improve
- (15) I got home, I found that my brother had gone on a trip
- (16) have passed since the author was killed in an accident
- (17) the doctor came, I had been ill in bed for more than a week
- (18) had just begun taking a bath when all the lights
- (19) think the good times were going to last forever
- (20) had not walked / began to fall (have Target)
- (21) ③

(22) were about to leave when

(23) ②	(33) ①
(24) ③	(34) ①
(25) ①	(35) ③
(26) ②	(36) ②
(27) ②	(37) ②
(28) ①	(38) ②
(29) ②	(39) ①
(30) ③	(40) ①
(31) ④	(41) ②
(32) ③	(42) ③

春期 第1講		
(43) ①	(75) ④	(107) ③
(44) ③	(76) ③	(108) ③
(45) ④	(77) ④	(109) ③
(46) ②	(78) ②	(110) ③
(47) ②	(79) ①	(111) ③
(48) ④	(80) ①	(112) ①
(49) ④	(81) ④	(113) ①
(50) ③	(82) ④	(114) ④
(51) ④	(83) ④	(115) ③
(52) ①	(84) ③	(116) ②
(53) ①	(85) ④	(117) ③
(54) ①	(86) ③	(118) ③
(55) ②	(87) ②	
(56) ②	(88) ①	
(57) ①	(89) ③	
(58) ③	(90) ③	
(59) ④	(91) ②	
(60) ①	(92) ③	
(61) ③	(93) ④	
(62) ④	(94) ①	
(63) ④	(95) ①	
(64) ①	(96) ③	
(65) ②	(97) ③	
(66) ③	(98) ①	
(67) ①	(99) ①	
(68) ④	(100) ④	
(69) ①	(101) ④	
(70) ②	(102) ④	
(71) ②	(103) ①	
(72) ①	(104) ④	
(73) ③	(105) ②	
(74) ②	(106) ①	