

語彙・文法

[春期第2講]

受講についての注意

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、問題を見てはいけません。
- 2 試験中に試験用紙の印刷の不鮮明、ページの欠落、乱れおよび汚れなどに気付いた場合は監督者に申し出てください。
- 3 解答は所定の用紙に記入してください。試験用紙以外への解答は一切認めません。
- 4 受験者は、試験用紙の所定の欄に氏名を記入してください。
- 5 解答は全て **HB** の黒鉛筆で記入してください。
- 6 試験時間中の途中退場は認められません。ただし、気分が悪いなど身体の調子が悪くなった場合は担当講師に申し出てください。
- 7 試験終了の合図があると同時に、解答を終了してください。

【1】 ●DB5500 1-50 [配点 50]

[A] 日本語の意味に合うように、英文の空所に入る語を選んで番号で答えなさい。

- (1) オゾンホールは地球上の生物を危険なレベルの放射線にさらす。

Holes in the ozone layer will () life on Earth to dangerous levels of radiation.

- ①expose ②accompany
③contract ④compromise

- (2) これだけ手がかりがあれば、殺人犯を特定するのに十分である。

These clues will be () to identify the murderer.

- ①sufficient ②modest
③contemporary ④stable

- (3) ナンシーはジョンと変わらぬ仲だ。高校の時からつきあっているからだ。

Nancy is in a () relationship with John; they have been dating since high school.

- ①modest ②sufficient
③contemporary ④stable

- (4) ガラパゴス諸島の生物の観察によってダーウィンの進化論は生まれた。

Darwin's observations of life on the Galapagos Islands led to his theory of ().

- ①exception ②prejudice
③contemporary ④evolution

- (5) 彼の返事は事実と一致している。

His answer () to the facts.

- ①competed ②corresponds
③consented ④accompanied

- (6) エリザベス 2 世は父の死とともに王位を継承した。

Upon her father's death, Elizabeth II () to the throne.

- ①congratulated ②demonstrated
③succeeded ④concealed

- (7) 誰か仲間を連れて旅に出るように彼女に勧めた。

I advised her to take along a () on her trip.

- ①contemporary ②consent
③contract ④companion

- (8) 算数の四則計算とは、足す、引く、掛ける、割るである。

The four basic operations in arithmetic are: add, subtract, () and divide.

- ①correspond ②multiply
③consent ④compete

- (9) その未開の地の風習や伝統は彼を魅了した。

The () customs and traditions fascinated him.

- ①abstract ②absurd
③savage ④stable

【2】 [文法] NEXT STAGE [配点 30]

[A] 空所に入れるのに最も適切な語句を、下の①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。

- (1) I don't know if he () back next spring.
①comes ②had come
③will come ④came 〈流通経大〉
- (2) When I () a thousand English words, will I be able to read an English newspaper?
①have learned ②will learn
③will have learned ④am learning 〈東北学院大〉
- (3) I () for a trading company in Tokyo at this time next year.
①have been working ②have worked
③will be working ④was working 〈名城大〉
- (4) “What did you do last night?” “I watched TV, practiced the piano, and () my homework.”
①do ②did
③have done ④would do 〈桃山学院大〉
- (5) Mr. Tanaka is out now, and I don't know when he () in the office.
①is back ②is being back
③will be back ④be back 〈愛知大〉
- (6) On his way home, Taro was () a stranger.
①spoken at ②spoken by
③spoken with by ④spoken to by 〈千葉工大〉
- (7) Everyone () it.
①knows ②are knowing
③is knowing ④know 〈千葉商大〉
- (8) When Tom came home, Mary () a book in the living room.
①reads ②was reading
③is reading ④has read 〈京都産大〉
- (9) I am sure you will feel a lot better if () a good night's sleep.
①to have ②having
③you will have ④you have 〈京都産大〉
- (10) When I was in the station, my wallet ().
①stole ②was stolen
③steals ④steal 〈同志社大〉
- (11) If you turn left and go straight, you () the station on your right.
①found ②will find
③have found ④are found 〈大阪国際大〉
- (12) “Are John and Mary still living in New York?” “No, they () to Dallas.”
①will just move ②have just moved
③had just moved ④are just moved 〈センター試験〉

- (13) I am interested () the story.
①to ②by
③at ④in 〈新潟国際情報大〉
- (14) Mary is absent today. She () to Hokkaido.
①has gone ②comes
③has been ④has arrived 〈上智大〉
- (15) I have to find a policeman as soon as possible because my bag ().
①has been stolen ②was being stolen
③has been stealing ④has stolen 〈京都産大〉

【3】 [読解空所補充] No.1 A [配点 20]

以下の5択から1つずつ選択してください。それぞれ1つずつ回答が入ります。

Most boys have a natural (1) to admire their fathers, and a cultural gap between father and son is painful for both. The middle-class father who at nights studies the encyclopedia in order to be able to answer his son's questions makes us smile a little, but we ought to admire him. For such fathers this may be an introduction to (2) education. In an environment which values knowledge for its own (3) he will not put (4) the encyclopedia with a (5) of relief when the son has grown up, but will want more of it.

- ①inclination ②sigh ③sake ④lifelong ⑤down