中3甲陽PLUS英語

小テスト



[春期第4講]

受講についての注意

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、問題を見てはいけません。
- 2 試験時間は10分です。
- 3 試験用紙は全1頁です。過不足があれば担当講師に申し出てください。
- 4 試験中に試験用紙の印刷の不鮮明、ページの欠落、乱れおよび汚れなどに気付いた場合は監督者に申し出てください。
- 5 解答は所定の用紙に記入してください。試験用紙以外への解答は一切認めません。
- 6 受験者は、試験用紙の所定の欄に氏名を記入してください。
- 7 解答は全て鉛筆・シャープペンシルで記入してください。
- 8 試験時間中の途中退場は認められません。ただし、気分が悪いなど身体の調子が悪くなった場合は担当講師に申し出てください。
- 9 試験終了の合図があると同時に、解答を終了してください。

[A] 日本語とほぼ同じ意味になるように () 内の語句を並べかえなさい。
(1) あんな寒い夜に彼女を待たせておくべきではなかった。
You (to / not / kept / have / ought) her waiting on such a cold night. 〈明海大〉
(1)
(2) 彼女は出て行かざるをえなかった。(1語不要)
She(not/should/could/but)leave. 〈関西大〉
(2)
[B] 日本語とほぼ同じ意味になるように, () に適語を入れなさい。
(3) トムは昨日, そこにいたかもしれませんが, 私たちは彼には会いませんでした。
Tom () () there yesterday, but we didn't see him. 〈國學院大〉
(3)
(4) 友だちを選ぶ際には、いくら注意してもしすぎることはない。
You () be too careful in your choice of friends. 〈神田外大〉
(4)
(5) 宿題を終わらせなければならなかったので、昨晩は友だちと外出できなかった。
I couldn't go out with my friends last night because I () () finish my homework. 〈京都産大
(5)
(6) 彼を不必要に傷つけるような提案を、私たちはあえてする気はない。
We () not suggest something that would unnecessarily hurt him. 〈名城大〉
(6)
(7) その少年は、他の誰よりも速くその問題を解いた。彼はとても頭がよいに違いない。
The boy solved the problem faster than anybody else. He () be very intelligent. 〈京都產大〉
(7)
(8) よくも私にあんなふうに言えるね!
How dare you () to me like that! 〈北海学園大〉 (8)

[C] 次の(a)と(b)の英文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に適語を入れなさい。

(9) (a) There was no need to buy me an expensive birthday present, but you did.

(b) You () () me an expensive birthday present. 〈明治大〉
(9)
[D] 空所に入れるのに最も適切な語句を、下の①~④から1つずつ選びなさい。
(10) I () an e-mail from Jane in the morning but it hasn't come yet.
①could have received ②ought to have received
③may have received ④must have received 〈東邦大〉 (10)
(11) You () leave your heavy clothing here as it is warmer there. ①has to ②should ③won't ④don't have to 〈京都学園大〉 (11)
(12) Hurry! The meeting starts at seven. We () be late. ①don't have to ②needn't ③mustn't ④have to 〈聖学院大〉 (12)
(13) We () call him "Sir." ①don't need ②needn't ③need not to ④not need 〈龍谷大〉 (13)
(14) I know it's not important, but I can't help () about it. ①but thinking ②thinking ③but to think ④think 〈重細重大〉(14)
(15) He () be over thirty; he must still be in his twenties. ①may ②must ③can't ④oughtn't 〈東北工大〉 (15)
(16) I () the movie, but I don't remember whether I have.
①need not have seen ②may have seen
③should not have seen ④cannot have seen 〈千葉工大〉(16)
(17) You () me for a ride. I was going to drive to school anyway.
①were possible to ask ②should have asked

③would rather ask ④might be asking 〈東京電機大〉 (17)
(18) The street is all wet; it () during the night.
①must have rained ②should rain
③cannot have rained ④may rain 〈立命館大〉 (18)
(19) The thief () through this window. It's much too small.
①can't have escaped ②must have escaped
③mustn't escape ④should have escaped 〈京都橘大〉 (19)
(20) I hurt my back. I () that heavy box up two flights of stairs.
①should not have carried ②should have carried
③should be carrying ④should carry 〈京都橘大〉 (20)

- (1) ought not to have kept ◆Next Stage 〈67〉
- (2) could not but (should 不要) ◆Next Stage 〈72〉
- (3) might have been ◆Next Stage 〈63〉
- (4) can't \bullet Next Stage $\langle 70 \rangle$
- (5) had to \bullet Next Stage $\langle 44 \rangle$
- (6) dare \bullet Next Stage $\langle 50 \rangle$
- (7) must \bullet Next Stage $\langle 42 \rangle$
- (8) speak ◆Next Stage 〈51〉
- (9) needn't have bought ◆Next Stage 〈68〉
- (10) ② ◆Next Stage 〈65〉
- (11) ② ◆Next Stage 〈47〉
- (12) ③ ◆Next Stage 〈43〉
- (13) ② ◆Next Stage ⟨49⟩
- (14) ② ◆Next Stage 〈71〉
- (15) ③ ◆Next Stage ⟨41⟩
- (16) ② ◆Next Stage 〈62〉
- (17) ② ◆Next Stage 〈64〉
- (18) ① ◆Next Stage ⟨60⟩
- (19) ① \bullet Next Stage $\langle 61 \rangle$
- (20) ① ◆Next Stage 〈66〉