

( )組( )番 名前( )

1. 次の日本語の意味に合うように、空所に適語を入れなさい。

1) あれが私が生まれた町です。

That is the town ( ) I was born ( ).

2) 私が友だちになった女の子は、大きな家に住んでいます。

The ( )( ) made friends ( ) lives in a big house.

3) 今年芥川賞を獲得した小説家はだれですか。

( )( )( )( )( )( ) the Akutagawa Prize this year?

4) 君が話していた映画は来月の20日から公開されます。

The movie ( )( )( )( )( ) be shown from the ( ) of next month.

5) 私の兄[弟]はいっしょに旅行に行った友だちに写真を何枚か送りました。

My brother sent some photos ( )( )( )( )( )( )( )( ).

6) これは地元の人がよく行くレストランです。

This is the restaurant ( ) the local people often go ( ).

7) 私には、母親が教授である友だちがいます。

I have a friend ( )( ) is a professor.

8) 床に寝そべっているネコを見てごらん。

Look at the cat ( ) is lying on the floor.

9) 川のそばにある家は私のです。

The house ( ) stands by the river is mine.

10) あれが私が一番好きな歌手です。

That is the singer ( ) I like best.

2. 次の英文を[ ]内の指示に従って書きかえなさい。

1) This is the sweater. I got it at a sale. [関係代名詞を使って1文に、また省略できる関係代名詞は( )でくくること]

2) We visited an amusement park. It was built close to the sea. [関係代名詞を使って1文に] amusement park「遊園地」

- 3) Do you know the name of the baseball player? You have just seen him. [関係代名詞を使って1文に, また省略できる関係代名詞は( )でくくること]
- 4) That is the woman. She was waiting for you for a long time. [関係代名詞を使って1文に]
- 5) Those are the boys with whom I usually play soccer. [関係代名詞を省略し, 前置詞を関係詞節の後ろに置いて, 全文を書きかえなさい. ]
- 6) Mathematics is the subject in which I'm very interested. [関係代名詞を省略し, 前置詞を関係詞節の後ろに置いて, 全文を書きかえなさい. ]
- 7) This is the woman with whom I'm sharing the room. [関係代名詞を省略し, 前置詞を関係詞節の後ろに置いて, 全文を書きかえなさい. ]
- 8) The little boy loves the dog. His uncle gave it to him. [関係代名詞を使って1文に, また省略できる関係代名詞は( )でくくること]
- 9) That singer will come to our town next month. I like her best. [関係代名詞を使って1文に, また省略できる関係代名詞は( )でくくること]
- 10) Look at the little child and the puppy. They are playing together. [関係代名詞を使って1文に]
3. 次の日本語の意味に合うように, [ ]内の語(句)を並べかえなさい.
- 1) これはアイスクリームを作る機械です.  
This is ( ).  
[ ice cream / a / machine / makes / that ]
- 2) 私は今歌っている女の子たちを知っています.  
( ) now.  
[ singing / girls / are / know / I / who / the ]
- 3) カバーが青いその本はおもしろいです.

(     ) is interesting.

[ blue / the book / is / cover / whose ]

4) あなたが話しかけた女の子は私の妹です.

(     ) my sister.

[ to / you / is / talked / the girl ]

5) バasketボールは父が見るのが好きなスポーツの1つです.

Basketball is (     ).

[ the sports / likes / my father / to / of / one / watch ]

6) ソファで眠っている少年と犬を見てごらん.

Look at (     ) on the sofa.

[ his dog / sleeping / that / and / are / the boy ]

7) これは私が昨年描いた絵です.

(     ) last year.

[ drew / the picture / is / I / this / that ]

8) 岡先生の奥さんはそのとき、本がいっぱいあったバッグを持っていました.

Mr. Oka's wife had (     ) then.

[ a bag / books / full of / which / was ]

9) 私にはお兄さんが警察官である友だちがいます.

I have (     ).

[ a police officer / a friend / brother / whose / is ]

10) これは私が肉を切った包丁です.

This is (     ) with.

[ knife / I / which / cut / the / meat ]

1.

- 1) which[that], in
- 2) girl I, with
- 3) Who is the novelist who won
- 4) you were talking about will, 20th[twentieth]
- 5) to the friend he took a trip with
- 6) which[that], to
- 7) whose mother
- 8) which[that]
- 9) which[that]
- 10) whom

2.

- 1) This is the sweater (which[that]) I got at a sale.
- 2) We visited an amusement park which[that] was built close to the sea.
- 3) Do you know the name of the baseball player (whom[who]) you have just seen?
- 4) That is the woman who was waiting for you for a long time.
- 5) Those are the boys I usually play soccer with.
- 6) Mathematics is the subject I'm very interested in.
- 7) This is the woman I'm sharing the room with.
- 8) The little boy loves the dog (which[that]) his uncle gave to him.
- 9) That singer (whom[who]) I like best will come to our town next month.
- 10) Look at the little child and the puppy that are playing together.

3.

- 1) a machine that makes ice cream
- 2) I know the girls who are singing
- 3) The book whose cover is blue
- 4) The girl you talked to is
- 5) one of the sports my father likes to watch
- 6) the boy and his dog that are sleeping
- 7) This is the picture that I drew
- 8) a bag which was full of books
- 9) a friend whose brother is a police officer
- 10) the knife which I cut meat