

Summer Collabo

英検準 2 級対策講座

R&W 第 1 回



Goldfish in the Wild

Goldfish are small, colorful fish that are popular pets. Goldfish originally lived only in China. However, these days, many live in rivers all around the world. These goldfish (**28**). This happened because some people did not want to keep their pets anymore. They took the goldfish to a nearby river, and it became the goldfish's new home.

In 2003, a team of scientists began to study the goldfish living in the Vasse River in Australia. The scientists found that goldfish travel long distances up and down the river. Along the way, they eat many plants at the bottom of the river. However, these plants are (**29**) the river's environment. The plants keep the water in the river clean, and they are also food for the other fish and animals that live there. After the goldfish eat many of the plants, the river becomes dirty and many other animals die.

However, the scientists believe that they may have found a way to solve the problem. Usually, the goldfish travel alone in different parts of the river. However, once a year, they all (**30**). This is where they lay their eggs. The scientists say that it is an easy time to catch a large group of goldfish and take them out of the river. They now hope to use this method to stop the goldfish from damaging rivers.

-
- | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (28) | 1 were very friendly to people | 2 were put there by humans |
| | 3 lived in China | 4 needed more food |
| (29) | 1 made by | 2 far from |
| | 3 important for | 4 given to |
| (30) | 1 leave the river | 2 search for eggs |
| | 3 gather in one spot | 4 swim in different ways |

4

A

次の英文 **A**、**B** の内容に関して、(31) から (37) までの質問に対して最も適切なもの、または文を完成させるのに最も適切なものを **1**、**2**、**3**、**4** の中から一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙の所定欄にマークしなさい。

From: Nicole Hoover <nhoover@summerfun.com>
 To: Jeremy Dobbs <j-dobbs77@housemail.com>
 Date: May 31
 Subject: Summer Fun's Music Camp

Hi Jeremy,

This is Nicole from Summer Fun. Thanks for your e-mail. You asked about the dates of this year's music camps for teenagers and how to apply. Summer Fun has two music camps for teenagers. This year, the first camp is for singing and will be from June 24 to July 7, and the second one is for people who play instruments. It will be from July 22 to August 4. The fee for each camp is \$1,500 per person.

Also, you said your younger brother would like to join you this year. Is he at least 13 years old? If so, he can also join. If not, he can still go to Summer Fun's Kid Camp. Those only last for one week. I can tell you the dates for those, too, if you want.

The application form is available on our website. Please print it out and mail it back to us by June 10. Please make sure to have your parents sign the application for you. Payments for the camp must be made by June 15. The explanation for how to pay is on the application. If you have any more questions, please let me know.

Thank you.

Sincerely,
 Nicole Hoover

- (31) Why is Nicole Hoover writing to Jeremy?
- 1 To ask him what instrument he learned to play.
 - 2 To check his schedule for his music lessons.
 - 3 To answer the questions he asked about camps.
 - 4 To invite him to an event for teenagers.
-
- (32) What does Nicole Hoover say about children under 13?
- 1 Their camp lasts one week longer.
 - 2 Their camp fee is not expensive.
 - 3 They cannot go to any Summer Fun camps.
 - 4 They can join a camp for kids.
-
- (33) To apply for camp, one thing Jeremy must do is
- 1 send an e-mail to Nicole Hoover.
 - 2 mail his application form by June 15.
 - 3 get his parents to sign a form.
 - 4 pay the fees by the end of June.

The History of Firefighting

Nowadays, most towns and cities have firefighters to put out fires, but it was very different in the past. In early U.S. history, as towns started to grow into larger cities, fires were very dangerous. In the 1700s, most houses were made out of wood. Once a fire started, it could spread very quickly, putting thousands of people in danger. There were no fire departments, so neighbors and volunteers worked together to put out any fire that started in a neighborhood.

In order to put out a fire, people would make a line between the nearest river and the place where the fire was. They passed buckets of water that were collected at the river from one person to the next. Then, the people closest to the fire threw the buckets of water over it. They continued to do this until the fire was put out.

In the 1800s, there were many new inventions to fight fires. Although these tools helped put out fires, they were difficult to use. This meant that people needed to get special training to use them. As a result, special teams of men began to learn to use these tools. They were called firefighters.

By 1910, another important invention changed the way firefighters did their work. This was the fire engine—a type of truck that firefighters use. By using fire engines that carry water, it became faster and easier to put out fires. Because of this, fewer people were needed and the number of firefighters on a team got smaller. Today, firefighters do much more than just put out fires. They are trained for many kinds of emergencies. In fact, firefighters provide help in 70 percent of all emergency medical calls in the United States.

- (34) What is one problem people had in U.S. cities in the 1700s?
- 1 Houses that were made of wood easily caught on fire.
 - 2 People did not learn how to put out fires in their cities.
 - 3 Nobody wanted to work as volunteers at fire departments.
 - 4 It was difficult to find the wood that people needed to build fires.
-
- (35) In the past, neighbors and volunteers
- 1 lived close to rivers so that there would be fewer fires.
 - 2 bought buckets for firefighters to use for training.
 - 3 collected water from rivers and used it to put out fires.
 - 4 passed buckets to firefighters to help stop fires.
-
- (36) Why did special groups start to train to be firefighters in the 1800s?
- 1 People thought it was better for men to put out fires than women.
 - 2 New inventions began to cause fires that were difficult to put out.
 - 3 Workers needed a lot of strength to use heavy firefighting tools.
 - 4 It was difficult for people to learn how to use the new firefighting tools.
-
- (37) The number of firefighters on a team became smaller because
- 1 trucks that carried water made their job easier.
 - 2 the number of emergencies began to go down.
 - 3 people began to call other groups for help.
 - 4 an important invention stopped fires from happening.

5 ライティング

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QUESTION

Do you think it is better for people to live in a house or in an apartment?

MEMO

School for Shepherds

A shepherd is a person who takes care of sheep. Shepherds work long hours in all kinds of weather. They watch sheep to protect them from wolves and other animals while the sheep are eating or sleeping. It is a hard job. When the sheep have finished eating all of the grass in one place, they move to a different place (**28**). This way, the sheep always have enough food to eat.

In the mountains of Catalonia in Spain, shepherds have worked for many centuries. Traditionally, shepherds taught their sons how to take care of sheep, and the same families have been working in the same areas for many years. However, nowadays, (**29**). Many young people do not want to work on their family's land, so shepherds are not able to teach their children important skills. In fact, in 2009, there were only 12 shepherds in Catalonia.

In order to attract more people, a school for shepherds was opened in 2009. Students spend several months studying about sheep. Then, they move out to the mountains to work with and learn skills from an experienced shepherd. Many of these students have already graduated from regular universities and worked at well-paying jobs in the city. However, they want to (**30**). They are interested in finding a job where they can work in nature and learn more about producing food. Hopefully, this will help to keep old traditions alive.

- | | | |
|------|------------------------------------|--|
| (28) | 1 to stay safe from wolves | 2 with many animals |
| | 3 when it is easier to move | 4 where there is more grass |
| (29) | 1 there are fewer shepherds | 2 young people are moving there |
| | 3 sheep are getting older | 4 more farms are being built |
| (30) | 1 learn easy tasks | 2 work in the city |
| | 3 try something new | 4 make more money |

4

A

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From: David Masters <dmasters88@ymail.com>
 To: Bethany Masters <b-masters@intermail.com>
 Date: October 6
 Subject: Lifeguard

Hi Aunt Bethany,
 How have you been? I've really missed you since you moved to Washington. I've been busy at college. You know that I've been on the swim team for a few years, and I've become really good at swimming. This year, I applied for a job at a swimming pool. I'll be a lifeguard, so it'll be my job to keep swimmers safe. One of my teammates suggested the job to me. In order to get it, I had to take a swimming test. It was actually very hard. I had to swim 400 meters without stopping. I also had to get a 5-kilogram brick from the bottom of the other end of the pool. It was very heavy, and I had to carry it back in only one minute. Anyway, I hope you get the chance to visit us soon. Dad really misses you. He talks a lot about things you used to do together when you were kids. Some of the stories are so funny! I hope you can tell me some stories the next time I see you. Also, Mom says that she liked the gardening book you sent her for her birthday last month.
 Your nephew,
 David

- (31) David tells Aunt Bethany that he
- 1 will work at a swimming pool.
 - 2 joined the swim team this year.
 - 3 is going to move to Washington.
 - 4 has a lot of free time these days.
- (32) What did David have to do in his swimming test?
- 1 Find a way to keep his teammates safe.
 - 2 Win a race against all the other swimmers.
 - 3 Show that he can swim while carrying something heavy.
 - 4 Work together with his team to reach the bottom of the pool.
- (33) What does David's father often do?
- 1 Tell stories about what he and Bethany did.
 - 2 Visit his friends and family back in Washington.
 - 3 Spend time playing with his children.
 - 4 Read books about gardening for work.

A Fruit from a Different Time

The avocado grows on trees in warm countries like Mexico and Brazil. On the outside, avocados are dark, but on the inside they are bright green and have a large seed in the center. People enjoy eating them in salads or in other dishes. Because avocados are not sweet, many people think they are vegetables. However, according to scientists, they are a type of fruit since they have a seed inside.

The fruit and seed are important for plants such as avocados. When animals eat a fruit, they usually eat its seeds, too. They carry the seeds around in their stomachs. This is how seeds are spread from one place to the next. However, the avocado has a large seed that is too big for modern animals to eat. Daniel Janzen, a biology professor at the University of Pennsylvania, wanted to find the reason for this. In ancient times, there were huge elephants and horses. Janzen found out that these large animals ate avocados and spread the seeds around Central and South America.

Around 13,000 years ago, though, these large animals all died, so avocado seeds were not spread by them anymore. Then, around 10,000 years ago, a group of humans moved to these areas and began eating avocados. They enjoyed the taste, and soon, they started growing them on farms. Over time, avocados became one of the most important foods in Central and South America.

There are now over 500 types of avocados grown around the world. However, the Hass avocado is the most common. It was first grown in California by a man named Rudolph Hass. His avocado trees were popular because the avocados tasted good and each tree grew a large number of avocados. As a result, many farmers started to grow his trees. Now, around 80 percent of all avocados that are grown around the world are Hass avocados.

- (34) What do many people believe about avocados?
- 1 They should eat ones that are dark on the inside.
 - 2 They should buy ones that are grown in Mexico and Brazil.
 - 3 They think that they are vegetables because of their taste.
 - 4 They think that their seeds are too big to be eaten in salads.

- (35) Daniel Janzen discovered that
- 1 plant seeds are spread by the animals that eat them.
 - 2 large animals used to spread avocado seeds.
 - 3 elephants and horses prefer seeds to vegetables.
 - 4 many modern animals enjoy eating fruit with large seeds.

- (36) What happened around 10,000 years ago?
- 1 Large animals stopped eating avocados.
 - 2 Humans began to produce avocados for food.
 - 3 The avocado plant was brought to Central and South America.
 - 4 Many animals died because they had trouble finding food.

- (37) What is true about the Hass avocado?
- 1 It does not taste as good as other types of avocados.
 - 2 It is the most popular type of avocado.
 - 3 Its trees can only be grown in California.
 - 4 Its trees cannot produce as many avocados as other trees.

5 ライティング

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QUESTION

What is the best age for people to start learning English?

MEMO

次の英文 **A** , **B** を読み, その文意にそって (26) から (30) までの () に入れるのに最も適切なものを **1**, **2**, **3**, **4** の中から一つ選び, その番号を 解答用紙の所定欄にマークしなさい。

Changing Plans

Erin and her best friend Hannah are high school students. They try to do something new together every month, and they spend a lot of time talking about what to do and where to go next. This summer, they planned to go to an outdoor music festival. They had never (**26**). They started reading a lot of information about it online to prepare for it because they had no idea what the festival would be like.

However, on the day of the event, it rained heavily, and the festival was canceled. They were very unhappy because they had spent so much time getting ready for it. They had even bought new T-shirts for the event. They were upset that they would not have a chance to (**27**). They thought about what to do instead. In the end, they put on the T-shirts and went to see a movie. It was not as special as going to the festival, but they had a good time.

-
- | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (26) | 1 played the guitar | 2 been to one before |
| | 3 taken classes together | 4 invited anyone |
| (27) | 1 wear the T-shirts | 2 buy more T-shirts |
| | 3 design posters | 4 call each other |

Talking Animals

One of the biggest differences between humans and other animals is that humans can use language. However, there are some animals that can also “talk.” In fact, many birds are good at copying the sounds that humans make. Parrots, which many people keep as pets, are one example of a bird that is famous for being able to copy human language. There are also stories about sea animals such as whales and seals that make sounds like they are talking. There is even an elephant named Koshik who (28). Koshik, who lives in a zoo in South Korea, has started to say a few Korean words.

At first, experts did not believe this story because of the shape of elephants’ mouths. To learn more about Koshik, Angela Stoeger, an Austrian researcher, asked a group of Korean people to listen to Koshik. The people then wrote down (29). Most of the people wrote down the same words, saying that they could hear words like “hello,” “sit down,” and “good.”

In order to “speak” Korean, Koshik does something other elephants never do when making sounds. He puts his trunk* inside his mouth. When Koshik was young, he was the only elephant at the zoo where he lived. Stoeger believes that Koshik found this special way to make sounds because he (30). Therefore, Koshik decided to find a way to communicate with his trainers. Stoeger says that these abilities may have developed because animals want to make friends.

*trunk: (象の) 鼻

- | | | |
|------|---------------------|----------------------|
| (28) | 1 is much larger | 2 has the same skill |
| | 3 can write letters | 4 copies the birds |
| (29) | 1 what they heard | 2 what they saw |
| | 3 why they visited | 4 why they left |
| (30) | 1 lived in a zoo | 2 talks to elephants |
| | 3 knows his name | 4 was very lonely |

4

A

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From: Anna Keyser <a-keyser@hurra.com>
 To: Melissa Fletcher <mfletcher81@wnet.com>
 Date: January 26
 Subject: Haircut

Hi Melissa,

I have a question for you. I got a haircut yesterday at Staci's Salon. I really don't like it, so I want to find a stylist who can fix it for me. I remember you said that the hair salon you go to is good. Could you tell me the name of it? Also, is there a good stylist that you recommend?

By the way, I have some good news. Our friend Liz and her husband John are going to have a baby boy! I'm so excited for them. I hope that their daughter doesn't get too jealous, though. I'm sure she'll enjoy being a big sister, but it may take some time for her to get used to sharing her things with her new brother.

Anyway, we are going to have a party for Liz. I'm going to plan it. I'll be inviting all her friends as well as the family, and everyone will bring a small gift for the baby. That way, Liz and John won't have to buy everything by themselves. Babies need so many things like toys, clothes, and bottles. I'll be sending you an invitation in the mail soon.

Your friend,
 Anna

- (31) What happened to Anna yesterday?
- 1 She got a bad haircut.
 - 2 She found a good stylist.
 - 3 She broke something important.
 - 4 She started working at a hair salon.

- (32) Anna tells Melissa that
- 1 the baby is jealous of Liz.
 - 2 John needs to learn how to share.
 - 3 her older sister has been busy.
 - 4 their friend will have a baby.

- (33) What will Anna do soon?
- 1 Buy a gift for her family.
 - 2 Have a party for Melissa.
 - 3 Mail an invitation to Melissa.
 - 4 Send some clothes to her friends.

Plastic-Bottle Schools

Plastic garbage is a problem around the world. There is not enough space to keep it, and it damages the environment. It is also difficult and expensive to recycle. In Guatemala in Central America, many towns have trouble collecting garbage, so large amounts of plastic garbage are left in the streets. A woman named Susanne Heisse came up with an idea to help solve this problem.

Her idea was to help communities work together to build plastic-bottle schools. First, people collect plastic bottles, and then they fill the bottles with plastic garbage. By pushing a large amount of garbage tightly into the bottle, the bottle becomes strong. These bottles are then used to make walls. Eventually, an entire school can be built.

One group in Guatemala, Hug It Forward, has started using this idea in its projects. Students and other members of the community join in and are an important part of each project. They are asked to collect garbage and fill bottles. In many cases, each class competes to prepare more plastic bottles than the other classes. The class that wins gets a small prize, and everyone is happy that they helped build a part of their school.

Hug It Forward works with small, poor communities around Guatemala. Between 2009 and 2018, it helped build classrooms in about 100 communities. Because plastic-bottle schools are cheaper than schools built in the traditional way, other groups have started similar projects around the world. Now, plastic-bottle schools can be found in places such as South Africa, Cambodia, and the Philippines. Through such projects, garbage is turned into something useful.

- (34) What problem do many towns in Guatemala have?
- 1 They cannot collect all the garbage in the town.
 - 2 They do not have enough space to build schools.
 - 3 The people who visit there make too much garbage.
 - 4 The people who live there have to pay for recycling.

- (35) What is special about plastic-bottle schools?
- 1 People use the money from recycling plastic bottles to build schools.
 - 2 Walls are made from plastic bottles that are filled with garbage.
 - 3 Students use plastic bottles to decorate their schools.
 - 4 The building is the same shape as a plastic bottle.

- (36) At some schools that join the Hug It Forward project,
- 1 each classroom is designed by a different community.
 - 2 each classroom is built using a different type of garbage.
 - 3 students who create the best building in their town can receive a prize.
 - 4 students can win a prize if their class prepares the most plastic bottles.

- (37) Why can plastic-bottle schools be found around the world?
- 1 The amount of garbage that people produce is going up.
 - 2 They cost less to build than traditional school buildings.
 - 3 Hug It Forward has worked to create new projects around the world.
 - 4 Poor communities have built 100 new classrooms in different countries.

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QUESTION

Do you think it is good for children to watch TV?

MEMO

Underwater National Park

In the United States, there is a special park called Dry Tortugas National Park. Although it has a few small islands, 99 percent of the 262-square-kilometer park is under the ocean. It has one of the largest coral reefs* in the world, and many rare types of sharks, turtles, and other animals live and have their babies there. As a national park, Dry Tortugas (**28**). First, it gives people the chance to see a unique environment. Second, it protects the animals and plants in the area, and third, it gives scientists a place to study these animals and plants.

Every year, about 63,000 people visit the park. However, the park is (**29**). There are no roads, so people must access it by plane, ferry, or boat. Ferries and boats can damage the coral and underwater environment when they drop their heavy anchors* to the ocean floor. Therefore, the park has special wood platforms where people can tie their boats instead. Once they are at the park, visitors can enjoy activities like swimming, snorkeling, and scuba diving.

The only people living in the park are rangers, who protect and study the environment there. They stop people from fishing in the wrong areas or killing animals. They also help scientists to study the environment. Rangers put tags on birds and fish to see how they live, and they record lots of information about the coral reef. By learning (**30**), rangers and scientists hope to protect this unique environment for the future.

*coral reefs: サンゴ礁^{しょうご}

*anchors: 錨^{いかり}

- | | | |
|------|---|------------------------------------|
| (28) | 1 supports three types of people | 2 has three goals |
| | 3 helps many local animals | 4 needs a lot of money |
| (29) | 1 far from water | 2 near a large city |
| | 3 hard to get to | 4 easy to see |
| (30) | 1 where to find tourists | 2 how to fish |
| | 3 more about these things | 4 less about their visitors |

4

A

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From: Kelly Nelson <k-nelson@housemail.com>
 To: Fumiko Kobayashi <f-kobayashi@readmail.co.jp>
 Date: May 31
 Subject: Thank you!

Hi Mrs. Kobayashi,

Thank you for being my host mother last summer. I really enjoyed my trip to Japan. I had so much fun visiting Kyoto with your daughter, Aya. It's such a beautiful city. Also, thank you for taking me to your Japanese flower arrangement show. I hope Aya can come and stay with me in New York this summer and study English!

I really miss Japan a lot, and I've been writing on my website about the great time that I had. In fact, my Japanese teacher at my high school has asked me to tell the class about my stay in Japan. She wants me to give a presentation next Friday and show the class my photos. I'm going to share some photos of me wearing a kimono. I was wondering if I could introduce you to my class. Could you do a five-minute video chat with my class at the beginning of my presentation? My class is at 9 a.m. here in New York, so it would be early evening in Japan. Please let me know if you can do it. If not, it's OK. Hope to talk to you soon!

All the best,
 Kelly

- (31) What did Kelly do last summer?
- 1 She went to Kyoto with Mrs. Kobayashi.
 - 2 She stayed with a host family in Japan.
 - 3 She took a flower-arrangement class.
 - 4 She helped Aya study English.

- (32) What did Kelly's teacher ask her to do?
- 1 Give her class some presents.
 - 2 Give a presentation about her trip.
 - 3 Put some photos on the class website.
 - 4 Put on a kimono for her Japanese class.

- (33) Kelly asks Mrs. Kobayashi
- 1 to talk to her Japanese class.
 - 2 to help her practice her speech.
 - 3 how she should start her presentation.
 - 4 when she can come to New York.

Female Airline Pilots

Flying a plane is a challenging job. Because of the long hours and stress, not many people want to become pilots. In particular, it is hard to find female pilots. Even though the number of women working in most fields is increasing these days, the number of female pilots is low. In fact, in 2016, only about 5 percent of the world's airline pilots were female. Many airlines are now trying to increase the number of female pilots.

According to research, every year more and more people are traveling by plane. It is believed that in the near future, about 7 billion people will travel by plane each year. Therefore, airlines are trying to hire more pilots. However, it is not easy to find new pilots. Training costs a lot of money, and pilots usually work long hours and are often away from home. Because of this, few people are interested in becoming a pilot.

One way to get more pilots is to hire more women. Hoping more women will apply for the job, one major airline in the United Kingdom is showing more pictures of women on its website to hire pilots. Also, an airline in Vietnam is trying to create flexible work schedules and offering childcare for female pilots who have children. They hope to be able to support women who want to work and have families.

Female pilots have another challenge, though. Some passengers do not trust female pilots. That means that female pilots have another important role—changing people's views. For example, Sophia Kuo, a pilot in Taiwan, says that passengers often seem surprised that a woman is their pilot, but slowly people are getting used to seeing her. Kim Noakes, an American pilot, says that when young girls ride on her planes, they realize that they, too, can become pilots. She hopes that one day more girls will dream of being pilots.

- (34) What is true about flying planes as a job?
- 1 More and more men are interested in doing it.
 - 2 Only about 5 percent of people have the skills to do it.
 - 3 There are not many people who are interested in doing it.
 - 4 The number of women who want to do it increased in 2016.

- (35) What is one problem airlines have?
- 1 They need more pilots because more people travel by plane.
 - 2 They do not have an easy way to find new customers.
 - 3 It takes a lot of time to build more planes for their pilots to fly.
 - 4 It costs too much money to hire pilots with a lot of experience.

- (36) One airline in Vietnam
- 1 is trying to make it easier for women with children to work as pilots.
 - 2 uses pictures of female pilots on its website to hire female pilots.
 - 3 has made it easier for families with children to fly on planes.
 - 4 pays less money to women who want to become pilots.

- (37) What is one role that female pilots have?
- 1 They share new information with passengers.
 - 2 They teach young girls how to fly planes.
 - 3 They show passengers views from the plane.
 - 4 They help passengers to see that women can be pilots.

5 ライティング

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- **QUESTION** について、あなたの意見とその理由を2つ英文で書きなさい。
- 語数の目安は50語～60語です。
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QUESTION

Do you think it is important for people to eat breakfast every day?

MEMO

Working Longer

When people get older, it becomes more and more difficult for them to work for long hours. As a result, many people stop working for their company between the ages of 60 and 65 years old. This is called retirement. However, nowadays, the age when people start retirement is changing. For example, a U.S. government survey shows more and more people between 65 and 69 years old are (**28**). In 1984, only about 18 percent of such people were still working. However, by 2014 this was almost 32 percent.

Many older people enjoy working and want to keep earning money. They also want to spend more time with their families, do hobbies, and go to see their doctors. To make their workers happy, some companies have started a new style of working called “phased-in retirement.” In such companies, workers can work fewer hours and choose their own schedule. This way, older workers can easily work and (**29**).

Phased-in retirement can be good for companies, too. Erda, a company that produces handbags, has many older workers who participate in the company’s phased-in retirement plan. Because these workers stay at the company longer, they can share their knowledge with younger staff. Susan Nordman, one of the owners, says that this has made her company’s products better, and now she can sell more handbags. This shows that phased-in retirement can actually help companies (**30**) and also make their workers happier.

-
- | | | |
|------|--|--|
| (28) | 1 living near their companies
3 asking about retirement | 2 looking for difficult jobs
4 continuing to work |
| (29) | 1 meet new workers quickly
3 do other things as well | 2 stay at the office longer
4 share their job with their families |
| (30) | 1 find new workers
3 save some time | 2 make more money
4 buy more supplies |

4

A

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From: Ann Shutler <a-shutler9@pmail.com>
 To: Pete Shutler <pshutler135@uemail.edu>
 Date: October 3
 Subject: Winter break

Hi Pete,

How are you doing at college? Everyone was happy to see you when you came home last month. Also, your sister said thank you for helping her with her science project while you were home. Her project won first place at the school science fair today! Also, she's very excited that you're going to come home for three weeks for winter break.

Anyway, I wanted to tell you about some family plans for Christmas. This year Grandma and Grandpa will be staying at our house for the holiday. They usually go to Aunt Paula's place, but this year she'll be visiting her son in Hawaii. Grandma and Grandpa will be staying in your room for a few days, so you'll have to share a room with your sister.

For New Year's Eve, we'll be having a big party at our house. Everyone is invited, but Grandma and Grandpa will be going home to Ohio on December 27. That's because Grandma has a doctor's appointment on December 28. Grandpa is a little sad, but he says he can't stay awake until midnight anyway! Good luck on your college exams, and we hope to hear from you soon.

Love,
 Mom

- (31) What did Pete do last month?
- 1 He visited his sister at school for a few weeks.
 - 2 He helped his sister with a project for school.
 - 3 He took a three-week break from school.
 - 4 He won a prize for his science project.

- (32) For Christmas, Pete's grandparents will
- 1 stay at Pete's family's house.
 - 2 visit Aunt Paula's son in Hawaii.
 - 3 go to Aunt Paula's place.
 - 4 share a room with Pete's sister.

- (33) What will happen on December 27?
- 1 Pete's grandmother will go to the doctor.
 - 2 Pete's grandparents will go back to Ohio.
 - 3 Pete's family will have a party.
 - 4 Pete's college will have exams.

Australian Success Story

In the 1900s, the population of Australia started growing quickly. Many people moved there from other countries. They started families and built new homes. Because most families did their laundry by themselves, they needed places to hang wet clothes at their homes. The solution was to make a long line with rope called a clothesline in every garden on which laundry could be hung to dry.

The first clotheslines were straight, and they could not be moved. They took up a lot of space, so people could not see the plants and flowers that they had planted. Many people felt that the clotheslines did not look good in their gardens. In addition, people had to walk up and down the clotheslines carrying heavy, wet clothes, which was hard work. Later, smaller devices for hanging clothes were made that people could spin around. These new types of clotheslines were more convenient and took up less space in the garden.

The most popular spinning clothesline is called the Hills Hoist. It was made by a car mechanic named Lancelot Leonard Hill in 1945. Hill's design was a big success. Every family with a small garden wanted a Hills Hoist because it was easy to use. By 1994, 5 million Hills Hoists had been sold, making it the most popular clothesline in the country.

The Hills Hoist became so famous in Australia that it was printed on a postage stamp in 2009. These days, more Australian families are living in apartments that do not have gardens. As a result, fewer Hills Hoists are used in modern cities. However, for many Australians, seeing such a clothesline still brings back memories of their childhood, and many people still use one in their daily lives.

(34)

People use clotheslines to

- 1 keep more space to build large gardens.
- 2 show people what country they came from.
- 3 help to keep their gardens clean.
- 4 dry the laundry that they have washed.

(35)

What problem did people have with the first clotheslines?

- 1 They did not look good and were not easy to use.
- 2 They often damaged plants in people's gardens.
- 3 They were not light enough for people to carry.
- 4 They would spin quickly and hurt people.

(36)

What is true about Hills Hoists?

- 1 Lancelot Leonard Hill became rich by selling them in his garden.
- 2 Lancelot Leonard Hill sold 5 million of them in 1994.
- 3 They were more popular than any other clothesline in Australia.
- 4 They were first made to help people who repair cars.

(37)

What happened to Hills Hoists?

- 1 It became easier to sell them after people began living in cities.
- 2 Most Australians have forgotten what they look like.
- 3 They were sold for the same price as a postage stamp.
- 4 People stopped using them when they started living in apartments.

5 ライティング

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QUESTION

Do you think parents should take their children to museums?

MEMO

Trophies

Many parents around the world want their children to join sports teams. Playing sports gives children the chance to exercise, make friends, and gain important life skills. In particular, such parents think that children become more confident when they win games or get awards or trophies. However, many teams give awards to all players, not just the best ones, and some people believe that this (**28**). They point out that teams in North America waste about \$3 billion on trophies and awards each year.

This trend started in the 1990s. Parents were worried that their children felt sad when they lost games or did not get awards. Hoping to make all children feel like winners, teams began giving awards to both winners and losers. However, research shows that this was actually bad for children. When children have a goal, they make an effort to reach it. If all children get awards, though, they do not need to set goals. As a result, children (**29**).

Sports teams around the world are trying new ways to help their players get new skills and feel confident. The Australian Football League, for example, has made big changes to its programs. In the 5-to-12-year-old league, teams do not keep scores for the games, and there are no “best player” awards. Instead, the focus is on (**30**). By carefully teaching young players how to play and giving advice on how they can improve, coaches believe players can become more confident.

- | | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| (28) | 1 is not breaking the rules
3 is not good enough | 2 has helped children learn
4 has become a problem |
| (29) | 1 get angry easily
3 want to study more | 2 begin playing sports
4 stop trying hard |
| (30) | 1 winning their games
3 helping their coaches | 2 developing skills
4 making friends |

4

A

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From: Daniel Price <daniel.price@greenvillehigh.edu>
 To: Barbara Floyd <barbara.floyd@greenvillehigh.edu>
 Date: January 24
 Subject: Bake sale for Africa

Hi Barbara,

This is Daniel Price, the student president at the school. How do you like being the editor of the school newspaper? I really enjoy reading the articles, and it's full of useful advice and information for students and parents. Actually, that's why I'm writing to you. Our school will be holding a charity event soon, and I want to let people know about it.

The event will be on Saturday, March 20, from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. The school's cooking club is going to have a bake sale in the school gym. The members are going to bake many kinds of cakes and cookies and sell them to visitors. The money we get will be used to help build schools for students in Africa. The art club is also designing posters and T-shirts for the event.

I have written a short article about the bake sale. Can you put it in the newspaper? That way, we will get a lot of visitors. When you have some free time, I will bring it to the newspaper office. We can look at the article together and make any necessary changes. Please let me know when you are available.

Thanks,
 Daniel

- (31) What does Daniel want to do?
- 1 Let people know about a charity event.
 - 2 Write articles for the school newspaper.
 - 3 Give some advice to high school students.
 - 4 Offer Barbara a job as an editor.

- (32) The school's art club will
- 1 give lessons for students in Africa.
 - 2 draw a sign for a new bakery.
 - 3 make some special T-shirts.
 - 4 design cakes for the cooking club.

- (33) What does Daniel ask Barbara to do?
- 1 Write about a recent school event.
 - 2 Put an article in the school newspaper.
 - 3 Check a short story for English class.
 - 4 Bake a cake for him in her free time.

Newcomer Kitchen

Len Senater is the owner of a restaurant called the *Depanneur* in Toronto, Canada. In 2015, he noticed many Syrian people moving into the city. These people were all refugees—people who have left their own countries because of war or other problems. Senater wanted to find a way to help these people feel more comfortable in their new city. He had the idea of using his restaurant to help them.

In Canada, Syrian refugees are given places to live as soon as they arrive, but these are often hotel rooms. This means that they often do not have kitchens where they can cook dinner for their families. Many of the refugees begin to miss the food from their home country. Seeing this problem, Senater decided to let them use his restaurant's kitchen. That is how *Newcomer Kitchen*, a special group for refugees, began.

Most of the group members are women, and they meet at the kitchen on days when the restaurant is closed. They love their time at *Newcomer Kitchen* because it gives them a chance to cook traditional meals, share stories about their past, and make new friends. The group has helped hundreds of women to become more comfortable in their new community. It also gives families the chance to keep a connection with their home country.

In addition, *Newcomer Kitchen* gives the women a chance to make some money. Every week, the *Depanneur* sells 50 meals that the women make through its website. It pays these women \$15 an hour for their hard work. It has also become a way for them to share their Syrian culture with Canadians through delicious, traditional food. The group is now helping refugees in other parts of Canada and is even being supported by the prime minister.

(34)

Restaurant owner Len Senater

- 1 opened a new Syrian restaurant called the Depanneur in Toronto.
- 2 decided to help Syrian refugees feel more comfortable in Toronto.
- 3 moved to Canada to escape a war in his own country.
- 4 started to look for a safer place to live in Canada.

(35)

What problem did Senater see?

- 1 Syrian refugees needed a place to cook their meals after they arrived.
- 2 Syrian refugees were not given anywhere to live in Canada.
- 3 Some Canadians were afraid of the Syrian refugees that had arrived.
- 4 Some Canadians did not want to go to restaurants with Syrian refugees.

(36)

What is one way Newcomer Kitchen helps Syrian women?

- 1 It gives them a place to teach their children about cooking Syrian food.
- 2 It is a place where they can learn English together with their friends.
- 3 They can learn how to cook traditional Canadian food.
- 4 They can make a better connection to their new community.

(37)

The Depanneur

- 1 creates online menus for other restaurants to use.
- 2 has asked Syrian women to open new restaurants in Canada.
- 3 pays the Syrian women for the food that it sells on its website.
- 4 helps people who want to meet the prime minister of Canada.

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QUESTION

Do you think school classrooms in Japan should use air conditioners in the summer?

MEMO

4

ライティング（英文要約）

ライティングテストは、2つ問題（4と5）があります。忘れずに、2つの問題に解答してください。
この問題は解答用紙B面の4の解答欄に解答を記入してください。

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When students go to university, they usually go to the campus and take classes in classrooms with other students. However, there are other types of classes for students to take. Some of them take online classes from home without going to the campus.

What are some benefits of this? Online classes are helpful for students living far away from the campus because they do not need to travel for long periods of time. Moreover, in the case of recorded online classes, students can watch recorded classes over and over again so that they can understand the classes better.

However, some students may have problems with their computers or their Internet connection during online classes. This can make it difficult to take the classes smoothly. Also, if students do not go to the campus, they will have fewer chances to see each other face-to-face and talk to other students. Because of this, some students may feel lonely.